

Overview of the WRF/Chem modeling system

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WRF/Chem web site - <http://wrf-model.org/WG11>



Earth System Research Laboratory
SCIENCE, SERVICE & STEWARDSHIP

WRF/Chem

What is it?

What can it do?

Where can I get it?

WRF/Chem

Community effort

Largest contributing groups:
ESRL, PNNL, NCAR

Other significant contributions
from: MPI Mainz, CPTEC Brazil,
CDAC India, U of Chile

WRF/Chem web page and community support

Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) Model

WORKING GROUP 11: ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY

[Georg Grell](#) (lead), NOAA/ESRL/GSD
[Mary Barth](#), NCAR
[Saulo R. Freitas](#), Centro de Previsao de Tempo e Estudos Climaticos, Brazil
[Daewon W. Byun](#), University of Houston
[Greg Carmichael](#), University of Iowa
[Jerome Fast](#), PNL
[John McHenry](#), Baron Advanced Meteorological Systems
[Stuart McKeen](#), NOAA/ESRL/CSD



[Jeff McQueen](#), NCEP
[Jon Pleim](#), EPA
[Kenneth L. Schere](#), EPA
[Bill Skamarock](#), NCAR
[Rainer Schmitz](#), Univerisyt of Chile, Chile, University of Chile
[Doug Westphal](#), USN Research Lab
[Steven Peckham](#), NOAAESRL/GSD
[Julius Chang](#), National Central University, Taiwan

Mission

The mission of the atmospheric chemistry working group is to guide the development of the capability to simulate chemistry and aerosols — online as well as offline — within the WRF model. The resulting WRF/Chem model will have the option to simulate the coupling between dynamics, radiation and chemistry. Uses include forecasting chemical-weather, testing air pollution abatement strategies, planning and forecasting for field campaigns, analyzing measurements from field campaigns and the assimilation of satellite and in-situ chemical measurements.

Interaction with other WRF Groups

The initial development of WRF/Chem is involved with the Numerics and Model Dynamics ([WG1](#)), Model Physics ([WG5](#)), and Land Surface Modeling ([WG14](#)).

Community Involvement

[2007 WRF workshop](#) information - Meeting minutes and mini-tutorial presentations

2006 WRF workshop working group 11 [meeting minutes](#)

[Known issues](#) with the WRF model.

[Known issues](#) with the WRF/Chem model. Updated for version 3.01

[Email WRF/Chem help](#) with question regarding WRF/Chem model.

[WRF/Chem related announcements](#). Updated 16 July 2008

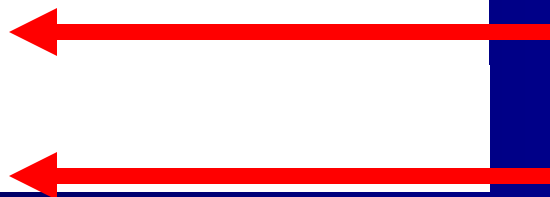
[WRF/Chem version 3.0 Users Guide](#) Updated 22 July 2008

- <http://wrf-model.org/WG11>

- Community leaders

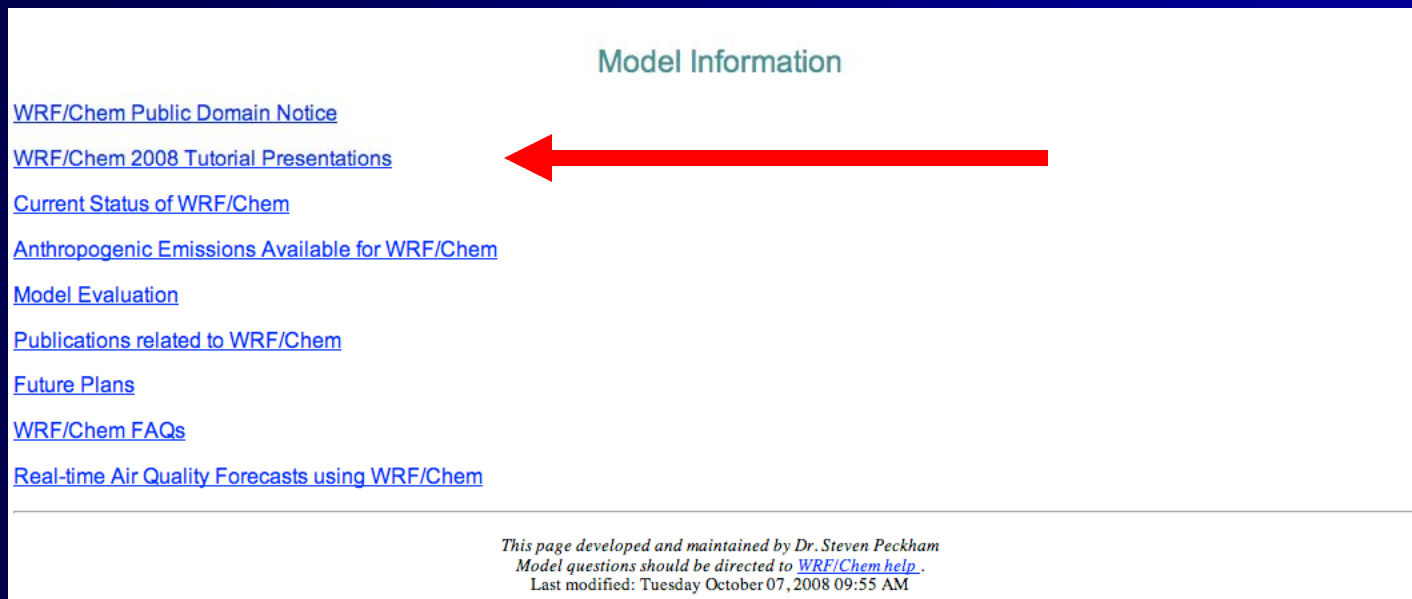
- Mission, collaboration

- WRF community news



WRF/Chem web page and community support

- <http://wrf-model.org/WG11>
 - Tutorial presentations, status, emissions info, FAQs, real time forecast links



Model Information

- [WRF/Chem Public Domain Notice](#)
- [WRF/Chem 2008 Tutorial Presentations](#)
- [Current Status of WRF/Chem](#)
- [Anthropogenic Emissions Available for WRF/Chem](#)
- [Model Evaluation](#)
- [Publications related to WRF/Chem](#)
- [Future Plans](#)
- [WRF/Chem FAQs](#)
- [Real-time Air Quality Forecasts using WRF/Chem](#)

*This page developed and maintained by Dr. Steven Peckham
Model questions should be directed to [WRF/Chem help](#).
Last modified: Tuesday October 07, 2008 09:55 AM*

WRF/Chem Community Support

- Hundreds of users
- International community
 - Continuing rapid growth
- Tutorials held in scenic Boulder, Colorado

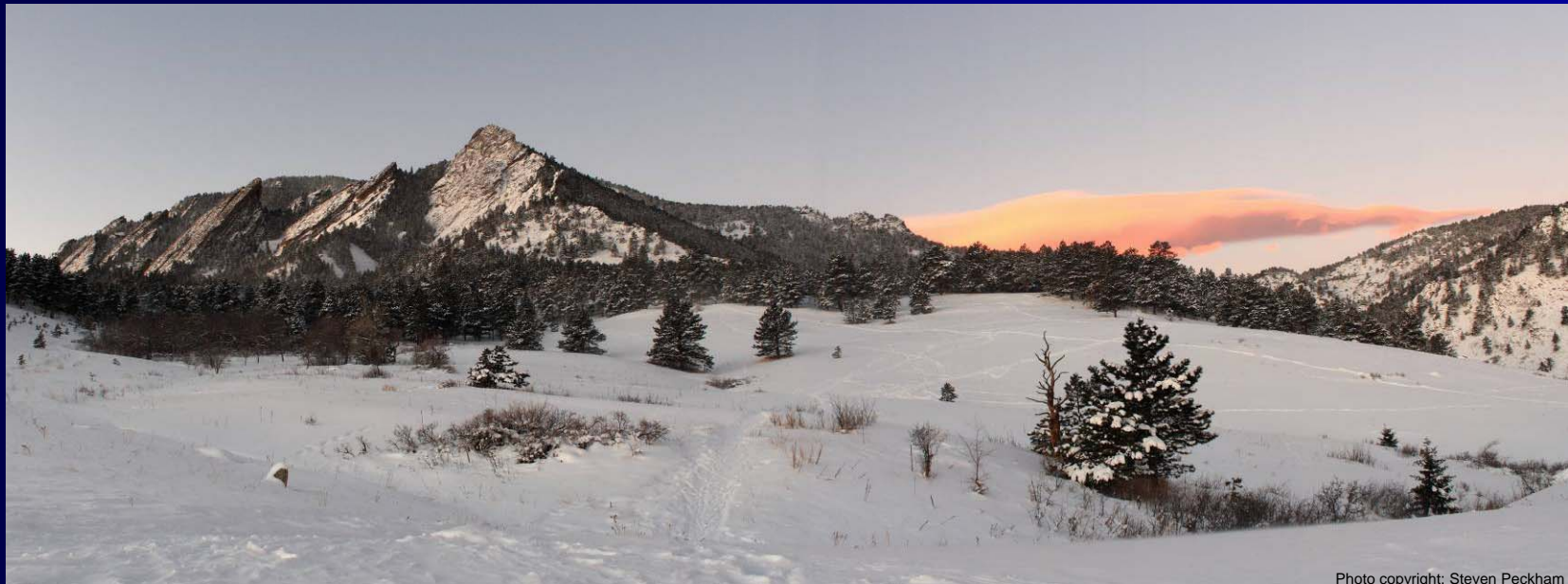
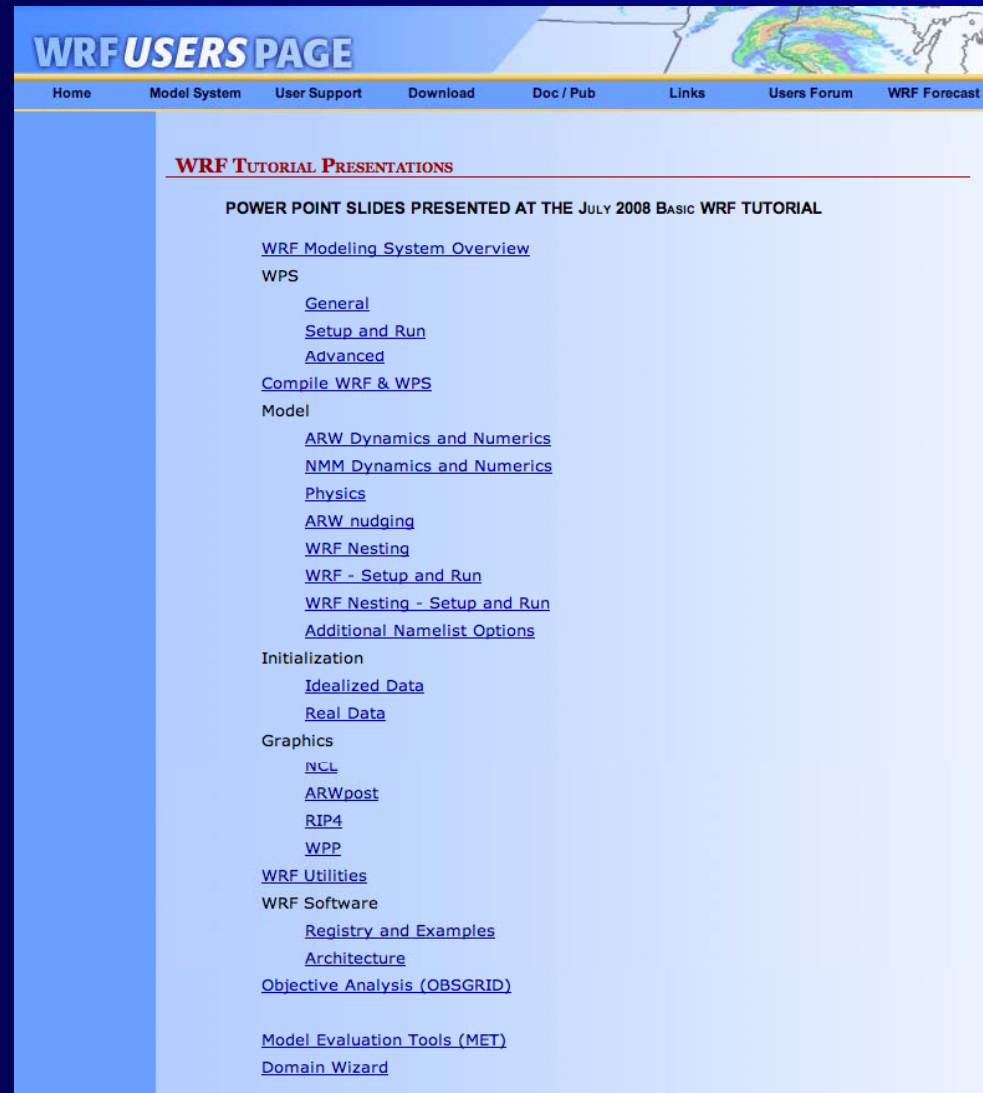


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WRF Community Support

- http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users/tutorial/tutorial_presentation.htm



The screenshot shows the 'WRF USERS PAGE' website. At the top, there is a navigation menu with links: Home, Model System, User Support, Download, Doc / Pub, Links, Users Forum, and WRF Forecast. Below the menu, the page title 'WRF USERS PAGE' is displayed. The main content area is titled 'WRF TUTORIAL PRESENTATIONS' and features a sub-heading: 'POWER POINT SLIDES PRESENTED AT THE JULY 2008 BASIC WRF TUTORIAL'. A list of links follows, organized into categories: WRF Modeling System Overview, WPS (General, Setup and Run, Advanced), Compile WRF & WPS, Model (ARW Dynamics and Numerics, NMM Dynamics and Numerics, Physics, ARW nudging, WRF Nesting, WRF - Setup and Run, WRF Nesting - Setup and Run, Additional Namelist Options), Initialization (Idealized Data, Real Data), Graphics (NCL, ARWpost, RIP4, WPP), WRF Utilities, WRF Software (Registry and Examples, Architecture, Objective Analysis (OBSGRID)), Model Evaluation Tools (MET), and Domain Wizard.

WRF/Chem

- Online, completely embedded within WRF
- Consistent: all transport done by meteorological model
 - Same vertical and horizontal coordinates (no horizontal and vertical interpolation)
 - Same physics parameterization for subgrid scale transport
 - No interpolation in time
- Easy handling (Data management)
- Very modular approach
 - Chemistry subdirectory has been implemented in versions of HIRLAM
 - Is being implemented now into FIM global model (icosahedral in horizontal, vertical adaptive coordinates)
- Runs on a variety of computing platforms (PC to large clusters)

Chemistry packages: biogenic emissions modules

- Biogenic emissions (as in Simpson et al. 1995 and Guenther et al. 1994), include temperature and radiation dependent emissions of isoprene, monoterpenes, also nitrogen emissions by soil
 - May be calculated “online” based on USGS landuse
 - May be input
 - BEISv3.13 (offline reference fields, online modified)
 - Model for Emissions of Gases and Aerosols from Nature (MEGAN)

Gas Phase Chemistry Packages

- Chemical mechanism from RADM2 (Quasi Steady State Approximation method with 22 diagnosed, 3 constant, and 38 predicted species is used for the numerical solution)
- Carbon Bond (CBM-Z) based chemical mechanism, and the
- Kinetic PreProcessor (KPP)

Available Aerosols modules

1. PM advection, transport, emissions and deposition only
2. Modal approach (MADE/SORGAM)
3. Sectional approach (MOSAIC)
4. Now also: GOCART

Aerosol direct and indirect effect has been implemented for the Goddard radiation scheme and the Lin et al. microphysics

Processes in the GOCART aerosol and chemistry modules

- Simple chemistry (gas-to-particle conversion)
- Dry deposition and settling
- Wet deposition
- Hygroscopic growth for black and organic carbon as a function of RH

GOCART dust and sea-salt modules

- Dust:
 - Global – Calculated as a function of fraction of erodible area (currently 1x1 degree resolution), porosity, and surface wind speed (Ginoux et al. 2001)
 - Asian region – also including the recent desertification areas in the Inner Mongolia province in China (Chin et al. 2003)
 - Total 5 size bins 0.1 – 10 μm
- Sea-salt:
 - Calculated as a function of surface wind speed (Gong et al., 2003)
 - 4 size bins 0.1 – 10 μm (1 submicron, 3 super micron)

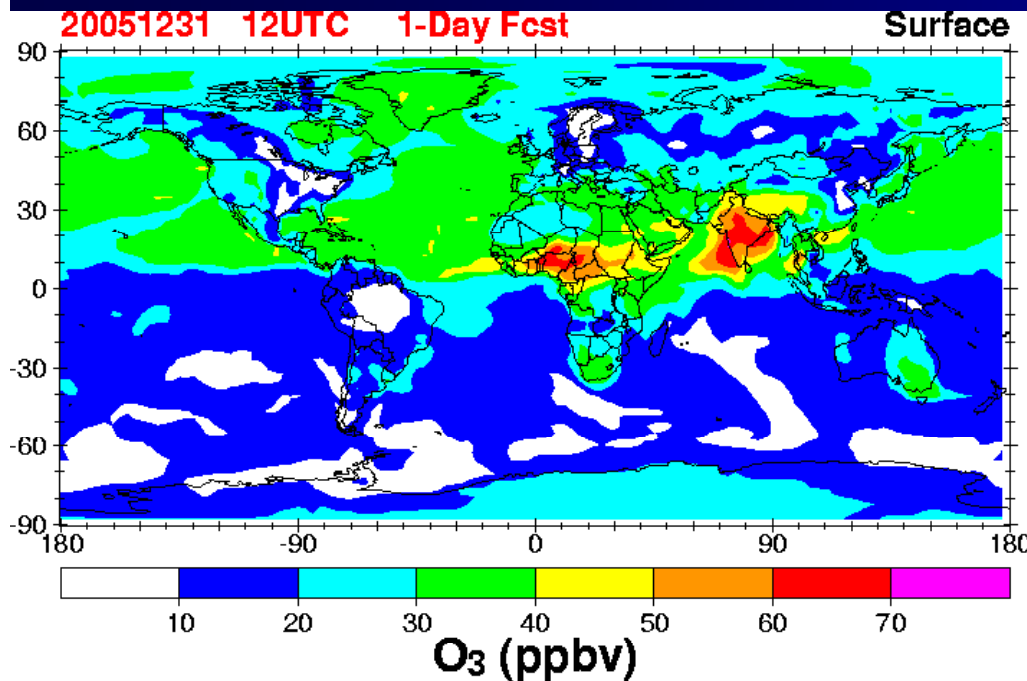
GOCART Global PM Emissions Data set for WRF/Chem (excluding historic volcanic and biomass burning emissions)

- Anthropogenic (SO₂, BC, OC):
 - Global - IPCC 2000, seasonal variations
 - Asian region – most recent emission work from Streets et al., 2002
- Biogenic:
 - DMS (dimethyl sulfide) from the ocean)
 - OC from vegetation (terpene)

Photolysis Packages – all coupled to aerosols and hydrometeors

- Madronich Photolysis
- Madronich F-TUV code also available, in V3 release, but not well tested
- Fast-j photolysis scheme

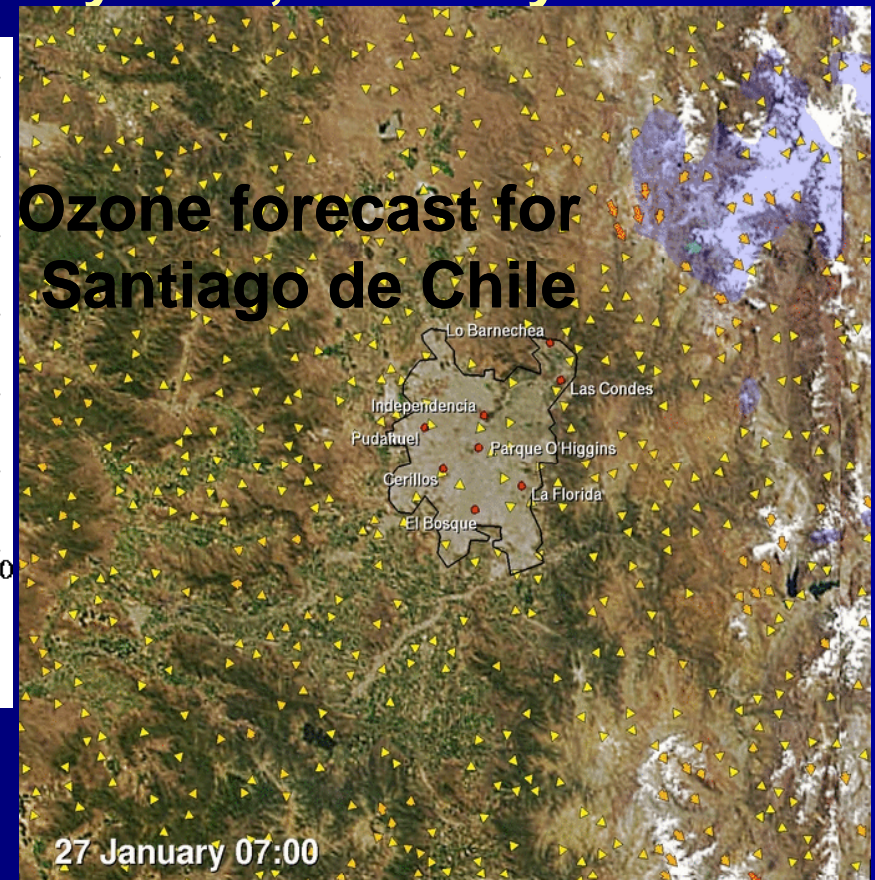
Use of chemical data from Global Chemistry Model (GCM) for boundary conditions, or 1-way nest, or 2-way nest



Global forecast by Max-Planck-Institute, Mainz, Germany (Lawrence, 2003)

Now also available for
MOZART, RAQMS,
CHASER, and of course
WRF/Chem

Ozone forecast for Santiago de Chile



Provided by Rainer Schmitz and Mark Falvey,
Univ. Of Chile



Improved non-resolved convective transport

1. Ensemble approach (based on Grell/Devenyi parameterization)
 - Uses observed or predicted rainfall rates as met-input
 - Ensemble of entrainment/detrainment profiles and/or downdraft parameters to determine vertical redistribution of tracers
 - Ensembles may be weighted to determine optimal solution
 - **Can be used as 3-d scheme for smooth transition to high resolution**
2. Connected to photolysis and atmospheric radiation schemes
3. Working on ensemble approach for (2) and aerosol connection

A model within a model : Fire Plumerise (Collaboration with Saulo Freitas from CPTEC in Brazil)

Initialized with
GOES-ABBA
and MODIS

1-D Plume model

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = \gamma g B - \frac{2\alpha}{R} w^2 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \gamma = \frac{1}{1+0.5} \text{ Simpson \& Wiggert, 1968} \\ \gamma = \frac{1}{1-2\mu} \text{ Siebesma et al, subm. JAS} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + w \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = -w \frac{g}{c_p} - \frac{2\alpha}{R} w |T - T_e| + \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{microphysics}}$$

$$\frac{\partial r_v}{\partial t} + w \frac{\partial r_v}{\partial z} = -\frac{2\alpha}{R} w |r_v - r_{ve}| + \left(\frac{\partial r_v}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{microphysics}}$$

$$\frac{\partial r_c}{\partial t} + w \frac{\partial r_c}{\partial z} = -\frac{2\alpha}{R} w |r_c| + \left(\frac{\partial r_c}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{microphysics}}$$

$$\frac{\partial r_{\text{ice,rain}}}{\partial t} + w \frac{\partial r_{\text{ice,rain}}}{\partial z} = -\frac{2\alpha}{R} w |r_{\text{ice,rain}}| + \left(\frac{\partial r_{\text{ice,rain}}}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{microphysics}} + \text{sedim}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \xi}{\partial t} \right)_{\text{microphysics}} (\xi = T, r_v, r_c, r_{\text{rain}}, r_{\text{ice}}), \text{ sedim} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{bulk microphysics:} \\ \text{Kessler, 1969} \\ \text{Ogura \& Takahashi, 1971} \\ \text{Berry, 1967} \end{array} \right.$$



WRF/Chem real-time forecast now with wildfires (dx=27km on CONUS grid)

from <http://wrf-model.org/WG11>

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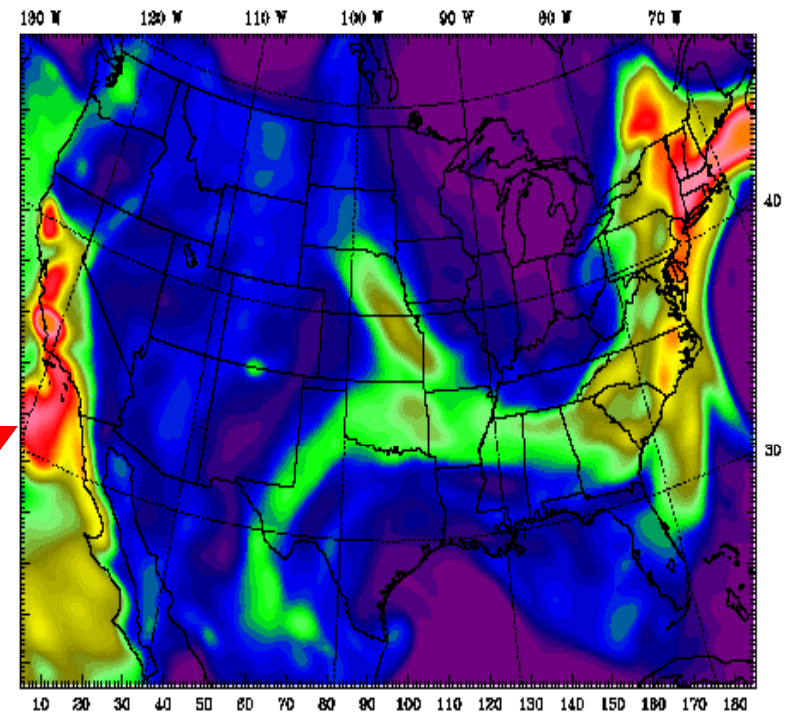
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27 km CONUS grid

July 24, 00Z

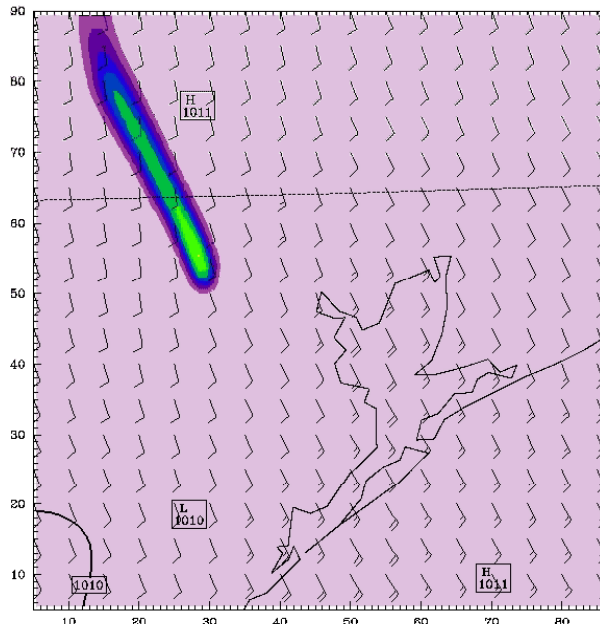


Current potential applications

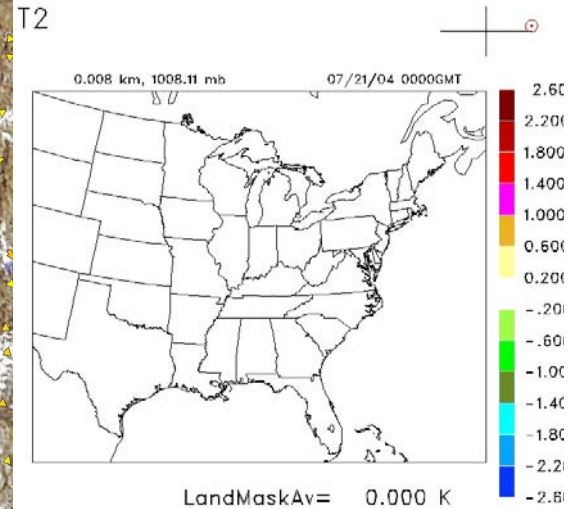
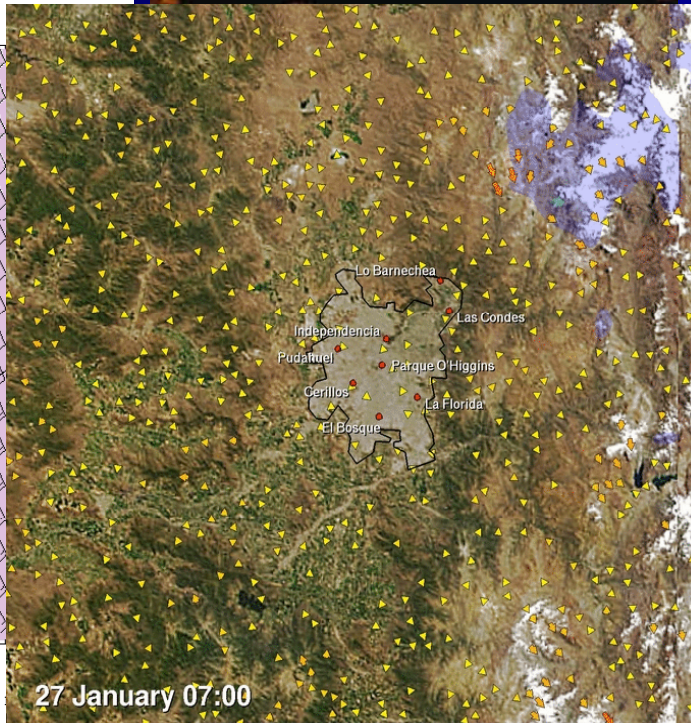


AQ/weather/climate linkage

Post: 3.00 h Valid: 0300 UTC Sun 17 Sep 06 (2100 MDT Sat 16 Sep 06)
 ALD concentration Avg. k-index = 40 to 30 sm= 2
 Sea-level pressure sm= 2
 Horizontal wind vectors at k-index = 40



BARR VECTORS: FULL BARR = 5 m s⁻¹
 CONTOURS: UNITS=hPa LOW= 1010.0 HGH= 1010.0 INTERVAL= 2.0000
 Model Info: V2.1.2 M No Cu YSU PBL WSM 5class Noah LSM 2.0 km, 40 levels,
 LW: RRTM SW: Dudhia DIFF: simple RM: 3D Smagor



Distant line-up for WRF/Chem, with various groups working on these issues

- More aerosol modules
- Chemical data assimilation
 - 4dvar work in collaboration with Greg Carmichael and Hans Huang using WRF-var
 - Will create adjoint of WRF/Chem
 - 3dvar work at ESRL using GSI
- More choices for “interactive” parameterizations
 - CAMS radiation package
 - Various microphysics packages
 - GD convection parameterization

WRF/Chem Aerosol related work

- Graham Feingold and Hailong Wang (ESRL/CSD): Implementation of TelAviv sectional microphysics that includes CCN activation, condensation/evaporation, stochastic collection, and sedimentation
- Graham Feingold and Hailong Wang (ESRL/CSD): Implementation of double moment bulk microphysics scheme (Feingold et al. 1998)
- Gordon McFiggans (U of Manchester, UK), implementing their multicomponent aerosol approach
- Laura Fowler and others from CSU, implementing some of the RAMS microphysics routines into WRF
- Karla Longo and Saule Freitas (CPTEC, Brazil) looking at aerosol direct effect with BRAMS and WRF/Chem
- Source oriented approach from UC Davis (Mike Kleeman) was talked about